

Importing drinks

Guidance on licensing, labelling, packaging, chemical safety when importing drinks.

Imports of drinks which do not contain products of animal origin from third countries must meet the same or equivalent food hygiene and compositional standards and procedures as food produced in GB. You do not normally need a health certificate to import such drinks and beverages.

There are stricter rules covering the import of drinks that are made from animal products from countries outside GB. They must come from establishments that have been approved to GB standards. Examples of these are drinks made with milk or milk products (like 'Nesquik' or smoothies) or with egg products (like advocaat or eggnog).

The import of these types of drinks is regulated by the Trade in Animals and Related Products (TARP) (England) Regulations 2011, and similar regulations in Scotland and Wales. Imports may only enter GB through approved Border Control Posts (BCP). Here they will be checked to ensure they comply with the relevant animal and public health conditions.

The Animal and Plant Health Agency (APHA) provides further information.

Labelling

GOV.UK provides further information on food labelling on their website.

For advice on the labelling of specific products, please <u>contact your local authority's Trading Standards Department or Environmental Health Department.</u>

Alcoholic drinks

Please contact **DEFRA** for information on:

- the labelling and ingredient listing of alcoholic drinks
- marketing standards for spirit drinks (which include specific labelling and compositional requirements)
- · domestic wine policy

Energy/sports drinks

Some energy drinks may contain ingredients which might be considered as medicines. Products like this where claims are made for the treatment or prevention of disease, or which are administered to restore, correct or modify physiological functions, fall within the definition of a medicine.

Your local Trading Standards Office should be contacted in the first instance. After reviewing this information, if it becomes evident that the product would not fall under the Food regulations and it

is a medicinal product then you should <u>contact</u> the Medicines Borderline Section of the Medicines & Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) online.

Advertising nutrition and health claims

For information on advertising nutritional and health claims on foods, please contact <u>DH customer</u> service centre.

Preservatives, food colourings, sweeteners and flavourings

Some drinks may contain preservatives, food colourings, sweeteners or flavourings. Although these may be approved by the food authority in the country of origin, some of them may not be approved in GB or may have different permissions e.g. lower maximum levels of use, or only permitted in a small number of products.

For information on food flavourings, sweeteners, food colourings and preservatives, please contact our Food Additives team through our online form.

Organics

If you are importing organic products (live or unprocessed agricultural products, processed agricultural for use as food or feed and vegetative propagating material and seeds for cultivation), from third countries, please contact the Organic Imports team through DEFRA's website.

For information on organic regulation and standards, (including labelling) within the UK please contact the Organic Strategy through DEFRA's website.

Packaging

Food contact materials and articles, including those used for food packaging, are controlled by retained UK legislation that has been fully implemented in GB. This legislation is particularly thorough in its control of plastic materials and articles intended for food use.

For information on the safety of packaging please contact the Food Contact Materials team through our online form.

Food hygiene

For general enquiries on food hygiene please contact the Food Hygiene Policy team.

Pesticides

For information on pesticides safety levels for imports please contact the Health & Safety Executive's Chemicals Regulation Directorate (CRD).

Soft drinks and fruit juices

If the product is using a trademark name, such as 'Root Beer' please contact the <u>Information</u> Centre at the Intellectual Property Office (IPO).

Water

You can find information on the requirements for bottled water on GOV.UK website.

Contaminants

The <u>Contaminants in Food (England) Regulations 2013</u> make provision for enactment and enforcement of retained UK legislation setting regulatory limits for contaminants in food, such as nitrate, mycotoxins, metals, 3-MCPD, dioxins and PAHs.

Import restrictions

The permitted level of benzoic acid in soft drinks in GB is 150 mg/l, imported drinks that exceed this level do not comply with GB requirements. Brominated Vegetable Oil (BVO) is not a permitted food additive in GB. Calcium disodium EDTA (E385) and Erythorbic acid (E315) are not permitted food additives in drinks.

Southampton colours

The FSA has asked the UK food industry for a voluntary withdrawal of:

- Sunset yellow (E110)
- Quinoline yellow (E104)
- Carmoisine (E122)
- Allura red (E129)
- Tartrazine (E102)
- Ponceau 4R (E124)

If a product is labelled and contains one, or more, of the six specified colours they will require a warning on the label as required by Article 24 and Annex V of Regulation No 1333/2008 to indicate that the colours may have an adverse effect on activity and attention in children.

Coca leaf tea from South America

It is illegal to import products made from coca leaf. For further information please contact the Direct Communications Unit at the Home Office, through their website.

Hoasca tea from Brazil

Hoasca tea from Brazil is used for religious purposes. There are restrictions regarding the import of this tea. For further information please contact the <u>Direct Communications Unit</u> at the Home Office, through their website.