Wine Standards Guide to UK Wine Scheme Certification: Still Wines

Wine produced in the UK is categorised using a set of hierarchical schemes. This system is known as the UK Quality Wine Schemes and has been put forward to the UK Government by Wine Great Britain (Wine GB).

The schemes are administered by Wine GB, post bottling analysis is carried out by an accredited laboratory (ISO 17025), and the schemes are enforced by the Food Standards Agency (Wine Standards). It is important to remember that whilst there is no requirement to participate in these schemes, they do enable the wine producer to use certain labelling terms which they would **not** be able to use otherwise.

Classification	Information					
PDO	This is the top category of wine in the UK. This wine has been produced within the criteria stated in the PDO specification laid out by Wine GB for still or sparkling wine respectively.					
Protected Designation (of)	88-90 vine varieties are permitted for still wine in this category.					
Origin	No hybrid vine varieties are permissible.					
	100% of the grapes used must come from within the stated demarcation (England or Wales).					
	Use of the protected term 'English' or 'Welsh' is permitted on labels. PDO status is sometimes a minimum entry requirement for international competition and may help promote the wine.					
	This wine will undergo two tests at Campden BRI at application stage – chemical post-bottling analysis and organoleptic no-fault tasting test.					
	Often regarded as the weet flexible actors of far quality using in the LIV. This using has been unadread within the criteria stated in the DCI are different and					
PGI	Often regarded as the most flexible category for quality wine in the UK. This wine has been produced within the criteria stated in the PGI specification I out by Wine GB for still wine.					
Protected Geographical Indication	88-90 vine varieties may be used for still wine. Hybrid vine varieties are permitted i.e., Seyval Blanc					
	Use of the protected term 'English' is permitted on labels.					
	Should be labelled as 'English Regional Wine' or 'Welsh Regional Wine'					
	This wine will undergo two tests at Campden BRI at application stage – chemical post bottling analysis and organoleptic no-fault tasting test.					
	85% of the grapes must come from the stated demarcation (England or Wales). Remaining 15% can come from Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland. No EU grapes can be used.					

Wine

From 1 January 2024, there will no longer be a formal varietal certification requirement in the UK. This means that wine produced in the UK can be described using a vine variety and/or vintage on the label without certification or fee.

The wine should contain 85% of the single vine variety shown on the label, or 95% of the multiple vine varieties shown. Use of the protected term 'English' or 'Welsh' or 'English Regional' or 'Welsh Regional' or 'Sussex' is **NOT** permitted on labels. There is no testing requirement (post-bottling analysis) and the wine can be labelled as 'varietal wine'.

LABEL EXAMPLES

PDO		PGI		WINE	
Anyplace Vineyards		Anyplace Vineyards		Anyplace Vineyards	
English Pinot Noir		English Regional Seyval Blanc		Pinot Gris	
2024		2024		2024	
Protected Designation of Origin		Protected Geographical Indication		Bottled by Anyplace Vineyards, QV1 2AA, UK.	
Bottled by Anyplace Vineyards, QV1 2AA, UK.		Bottled by Anyplace Vineyards, QV1 2AA, UK.		Wine of England	
Wine of England		Wine of England		75cl	12% Vol
75cl	12% Vol	75cl	12% Vol	Contair	ns Sulphites*
Contains	Sulphites*	Contains Sulphites*		L-1234*	
L-1:	234*	L-1234*			

- RED: mandatory labelling items. Items should appear in a single field of vision (*except allergens warning and lot number which can appear anywhere on the bottle)
- BLUE: voluntary labelling items (not mandatory, but if shown then should be correct)

IMPORTANT: Please refer to the Wine GB specification for full details on PDO or PGI certification via the following website link https://winegb.co.uk

PLEASE NOTE: There are different mandatory labelling requirements for sparkling wine and the labels shown above are for still wine and are only to provide a visualisation of the mandatory labelling items and the items permitted for use at each categorisation through the schemes. This document is not designed to be the authoritative guide to the UK Quality Wine Schemes. If in any doubt about label compliance against the regulations, please contact your local Wine Standards Inspector before going to print.