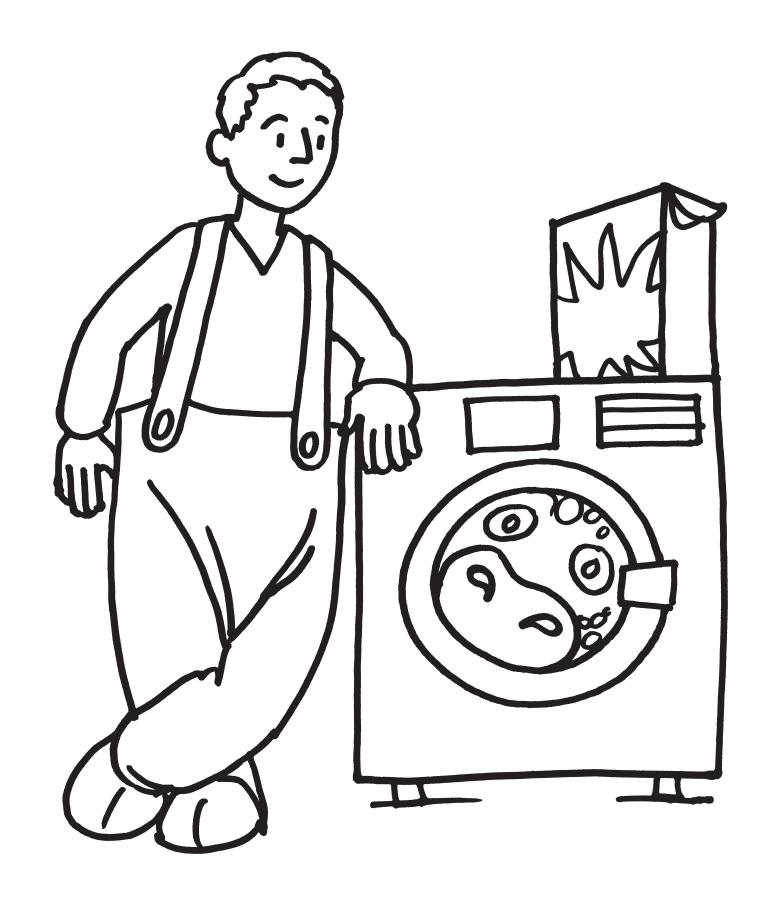
Livestock may carry harmful bacteria



Keep cattle clean – be aware that bacteria live on coats and in digestive tracts





The Clean Livestock policy has improved cattle cleanliness



Keep cattle clean – the policy has resulted in cleaner cattle being slaughtered





Dirty cattle cost money



Keep cattle clean – don't lose out through rejected animals, slower line speeds and damaged hides due to dung or careless clipping





Pre-slaughter diet needs consideration



Keep cattle clean – pay attention to feeding so that droppings are firm or reduced





Providing adequate bedding improves cattle cleanliness

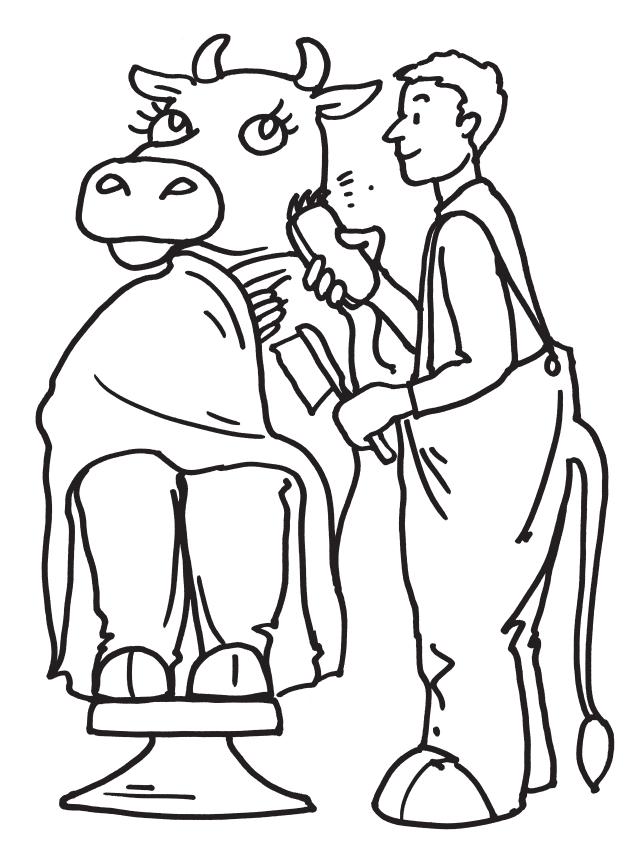


Keep cattle clean – check the bedding on the farm, in the lorry during transport and in the lairage at the abbatoir





Clipping can remove visible dirt



Keep cattle clean – but use it as a last resort.

Clipping can be stressful for the animal, may

damage the hide and cause injury to the operator





Wet cattle are a significant hazard



Keep cattle clean (and dry) – it's easier to get dirty in the wet and wet coats mean more bacteria





Transport factors can affect cattle cleanliness

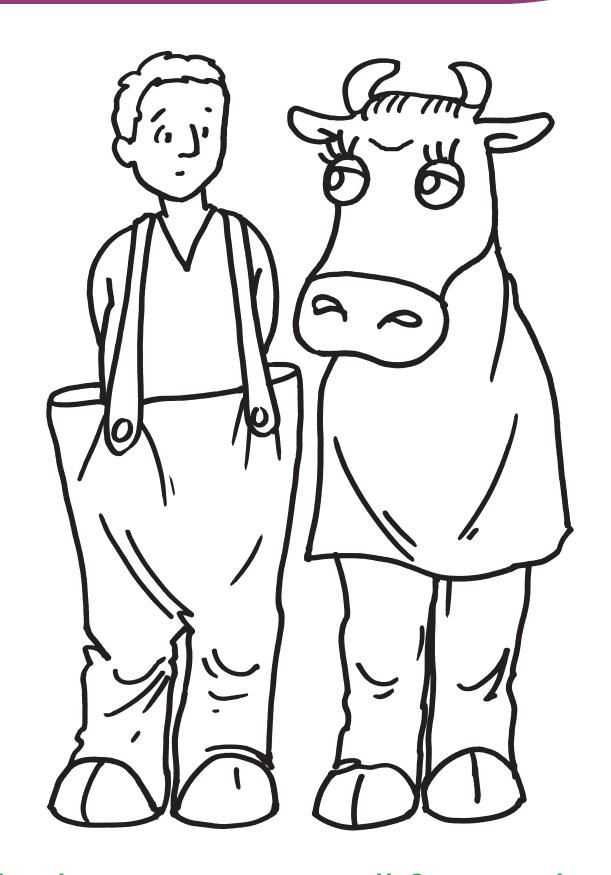


Keep cattle clean – think about the length of the journey, the design of the lorry and how many animals are in it





Mixing unfamiliar animals increases cross-contamination



Keep cattle clean – strangers will frequently rub against each other but animals familiar to each other won't





Bacteria survive well in livestock environments



Keep cattle clean – the farm, the transport, the market and the holding areas should be kept as clean as possible





Clean Cattle and Meat Safety

- Livestock may carry harmful bacteria
- The Clean Livestock Policy has improved cattle cleanliness
- Dirty cattle cost money
- Pre-slaughter diet needs consideration
- Providing adequate bedding improves cattle cleanliness
- Clipping can remove visible dirt
- Wet cattle are a significant hazard
- Transport factors can affect cattle cleanliness
- Mixing unfamiliar animals increases cross-contamination
- Bacteria survive well in livestock environments



