Composite products - meat

The country of origin of the meat product must be:
- the same as the country of export of the composite product;
- or
- an EU country;
- or
- another third country with a similar health status to that of the country of origin of the composite product.

The meat must come from a country with a Residue Plan in accordance with Decision 2011/163.

Meat product must come from an EU approved establishment (the composite product does not have to come from an approved establishment);

Must be heat treated in accordance with the requirements of Commission Decision 2007/777/EC

Must be accompanied by a health certificate laid down in Regulation (EU) No 468/2012;

Bovine, ovine and caprine meat must meet relevant BSE requirements;

Subject to veterinary checks at a Border Inspection Post

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1 must be a third country or parts thereof authorised to export to the EU meat products treated with treatment ‘A’ as set out in Annex II, Part 2 to Decision 2007/777/EC, where the third country in which the composite product is produced is also authorised to export to the Union meat products treated with that treatment.

2 The product cannot be placed on the market in the EU if the meat does not come from a country with an approved residue plan for that type of meat in accordance with Commission Decision 2011/163/EC as amended.
Composite products – milk and dairy products

Composite products containing processed milk or dairy products

Less than half milk?

Does it meet the requirements of Article 6 of Commission Decision 2007/275/EC?

No

Yes

Processed milk must come from an EU country or a third country approved to export milk to the EU (Reg (EU) No 605/2010)

The milk must come from a country with a Residue Plan in accordance with Decision 2011/163

Must meet the specific requirements laid down in Article 6 of Commission Decision 2007/275/EC inc appropriate heat treatment

Must be accompanied by a commercial document

Not subject to veterinary checks at a Border Inspection Post

Half or more milk?

The country of origin of the processed milk must be

- the same as the country of export of the composite product; or
- an EU country; or
- another third country with a similar health status to that of the country of origin of the composite product

The milk must come from a country with a Residue Plan in accordance with Decision 2011/163

Processed milk must come from an EU approved establishment (the composite product does not have to come from an approved establishment);

Must be heat treated in accordance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) No 605/2010

Must be accompanied by a health certificate laid down in Regulation (EU) No 468/2012;

Subject to veterinary checks at a Border Inspection Post

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3 must be a third country authorised to export to the Union milk and dairy products in Columns A or B of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 605/2010 where the third country in which the composite product is produced is also authorised, under the same conditions to export to the Union.

4 The product cannot be placed on the market in the EU if the milk does not come from a country with an approved residue plan in accordance with Commission Decision 2011/163/EC as amended.
Composite products – fish

Composite products containing processed fishery product

How much fish does it contain?

Half or more

Fishery product must come from a country approved to export fishery products to the EU\(^5\);

Fishery product must come from an EU approved establishment\(^5\) (the composite product does not have to come from an approved establishment);

Must be accompanied by a health certificate laid down in Regulation (EU) No 468/2012;

Subject to veterinary checks at a Border Inspection Post

Less than half?

No restrictions (i.e.
no health certificate;
no vet checks;
no approved establishment
no approved country)

Yes

Does it meet the requirements of Article 6 of Commission Decision 2007/275/EC?

No

Must be veterinary checked on entry
Commercial document required
No approved establishment or third country

\(^5\) if an aquaculture product, the country needs to be on the list in Commission Decision 2011/163/EU and the establishment have the Aq reference
Composite products – Egg

Composite products containing processed egg product

How much egg product does it contain?

Less than half?

Does it meet the requirements of Article 6 of Commission Decision 2007/275/EC?

No

Yes

No restrictions (i.e. no health certificate; no vet checks; no approved establishment; no approved country)

Egg products must come from a country approved to export egg products to the EU;

The egg must come from a country with a Residue Plan in accordance with Decision 2011/1636

Processed egg must come from an EU approved establishment

Must come from an area free of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza and Newcastle Disease or heat treated in accordance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) No 468/2012 (see certificate)

Must be accompanied by a health certificate laid down in Regulation (EU) No 28/2012 as amended by Regulation (EU) No 468/2012;

Subject to veterinary checks at a Border Inspection Post

Must be veterinary checked on entry
Commercial document required
No approved establishment or third country

6 The product cannot be placed on the market in the EU if the egg does not come from a country with an approved residue plan in accordance with Commission Decision 2011/163/EC as amended.
Composite products – other than meat, milk, fish and egg

Composite products containing processed animal product

How much processed animal product does it contain?

Less than half?

Does it meet the requirements of Article 6 of Commission Decision 2007/275/EC?

No

No restrictions (ie no health certificate; no vet checks; no approved establishment no approved country)

Yes

Half or more

Must come from a country approved to export the relevant animal product to the EU;

Honey must come from a country with a Residue Plan in accordance with Decision 2011/163

Must be accompanied by a health certificate or commercial document as appropriate as laid down in EU legislation;

Subject to veterinary checks at a Border Inspection Post

Must be veterinary checked on entry
Commercial document required
No approved establishment or third country

The product cannot be placed on the market in the EU if the product of animal origin does not come from a country with an approved residue plan in accordance with Commission Decision 2011/163/EC as amended.