

Performance and Resources report Q3 2020/21 FSA 21/03/10

Food Standards Agency Business Committee 10 March 2021



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# **Foreword**

## Chris Hitchen, Director of Finance & Performance



Q3 saw an extensive period of 'winter planning' for the FSA to ensure that we were adequately prepared for the impending second wave of the COVID-19 pandemic and the end of the EU Exit Transition Period on 31 December. Our incident plan to safeguard food safety to protect consumers was implemented in mid-November leaving the FSA prepared as the situation developed rapidly towards the end of December as the second wave of the pandemic heightened and we fine-tuned plans in line with the EU-UK Trade and Corporation agreement (TCA) announcement. Despite this, teams across the FSA continued to work tirelessly in providing a flexible and effective emergency response delivering official meat controls thereby helping maintain food supply. As we progress into 2021, we continue to remain confident that we are suitably prepared and ready to take on any further challenges presented including the Northern Ireland Protocol (NIP) coming into effect. We continue to remain alert to the rapidly changing situation.

The EU Transition Programme has now moved into its post Transition Period (TP) phase: assessing whether changes put in place are adequate, preparing for handover to business-as-usual and programme closure at end of March '21. All FSA projects within the programme completed their minimum viable product requirements for 31 December 2020. The outputs of these projects were relevant in both deal or no-deal scenarios with the EU, so no additional products were required by end of TP as a result of the deal agreed at the end of December. Further outputs from some projects, e.g. import arrangements for EU food and feed products and implementation of NIP will be due later in 2021 in line with wider Government timetables and these will continue after programme closure.

On the FSA's second strategic priority on regulatory reform, the Achieving Business Compliance Programme, progress continues to be slowed by the impact of COVID-19, and other winter planning pressures. Following earlier work that established evidence and the basis of a hypothesis for exploring a different regulatory relationship with the largest influential retailers (as they have consistently high levels of compliance and a significant impact across the food system), discussions with these major retailers are underway, with a view of identifying impactful levers and interventions that could be utilised in a new regulatory approach with this segment in the first instance. Work to further develop our understanding of the regulatory implications of the food platforms sector is also progressing well, with a current focus on complaints and new entrants. Work to map the existing Food Hygiene Rating Scheme, and identify its inherent value from different perspectives has been completed.

The FSA's National Food Crime Unit performance is captured on slide 11, with further background to this new information on slide 12. The FSA continues to seek PACE powers which would support its important work on food crime.

# **Executive summary**

## Our performance in Q3 2020/21

(difference from Q2 / annual performance)



**Meat FBO compliance** 



% of Meat FBO premises rated 'Good' or 'Generally satisfactory'



1.5% **( ↓1.4**%)

% of Meat FBO premises rated 'Improvement necessary' or 'Urgent improvement necessary'



Our audit capacity compared to normal levels, focusing on audits that have been long due and / or considered high risk

**National Food Crime Unit (NFCU)** 



Intelligence reports reported and disseminated



Number of new operations opened



Disruptions in Q3

Social media response



4.3% **Engagement rate** 

(个0.8% above the FSA's November 2020 average ER)

For our reopening business checklist post on LinkedIn following the 2<sup>nd</sup> national restrictions in England

## **Delivering our corporate priorities**



**Corporate Milestones** delayed due to COVID-19



(个1)

**Corporate Milestones** delivered despite COVID-19 reprioritisation

## **Food Hygiene Rating Scheme (FHRS)**



% of businesses with an FHRS rating of 5 – very

good ( $\uparrow 0.6\%$  points)



% of businesses with an FHRS rating of 2 or lower

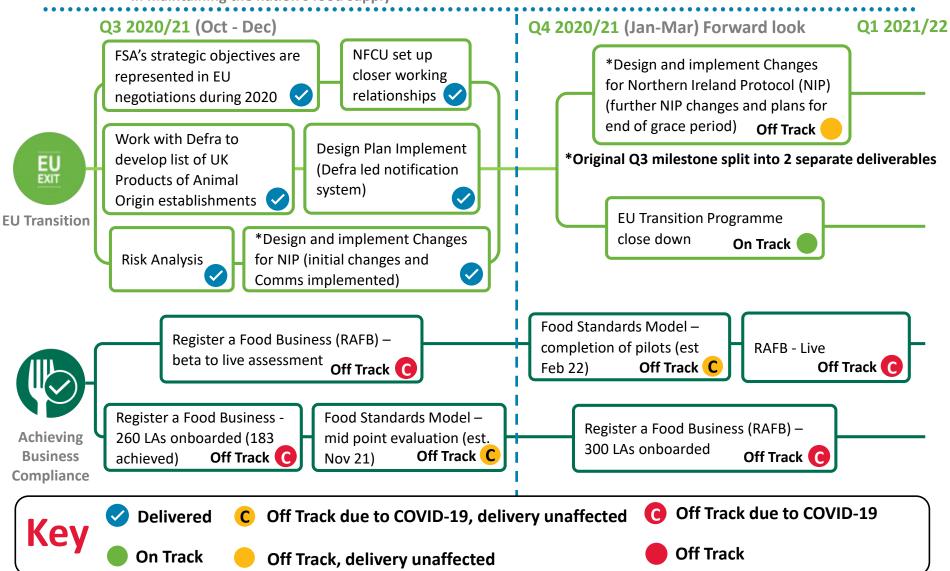
 $(\sqrt{10.3\%})$  points)



## **Delivering our corporate priorities**



The FSA's objectives throughout 20/21 and our COVID-19 response have been to ensure food safety, preserving the high level of consumer protection in the UK whilst supporting industry in maintaining the nation's food supply



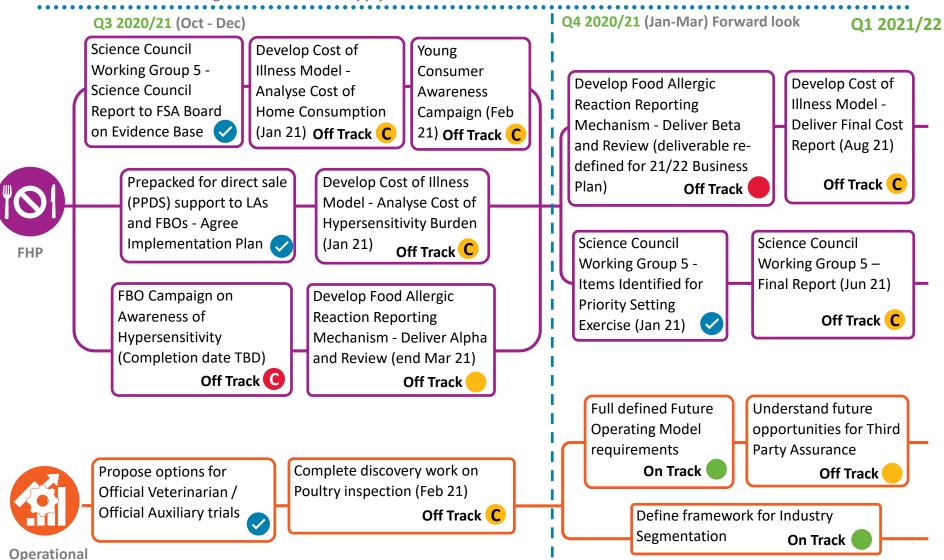


**Transformation** 

## **Delivering our corporate priorities**



The FSA's objectives throughout 20/21 and our COVID-19 response have been to ensure food safety, preserving the high level of consumer protection in the UK whilst supporting industry in maintaining the nation's food supply





## **Local Authority Delivery**



### Impact of COVID-19 on local authority (LA) delivery – Q3

COVID-19 has created unprecedented challenges for LAs in delivering their statutory food functions as well as protecting their communities and controlling the spread of the disease. In response, we have adjusted our expectations of LAs and set out a clear prioritisation of activities identifying a set of minimum core activities. We have undertaken limited data gathering (see FSA 20-12-09) and have an exception reporting mechanism in place for LAs unable to meet the minimum expectations. In Q3 we have completed the following:



We are engaging with LAs where we become aware of concerns that they may not be delivering our minimum expectations, including acting on intelligence obtained at LA meetings we attend



**16** LAs contacted us following the FSA Chief Executive's letter in October to all LA Chief Executives, most confirming that they are meeting the minimum expectations

## We followed up with:





These **5** LAs indicated that they were not meeting minimum expectations at the time of the temperature check with the two national LA focus groups in November 2020 – the follow up established that steps had been / were being taken to ensure minimum expectations are being met





f 1 LA required follow up in relation to inspection of fishing vessels and we facilitated access to the FSA funding available and they are now also undertaking this work



**1** Regulatory partnership comprising **7** LAs contacted us setting out some of what they are doing and we are following up to confirm that minimum expectations are also being met

The position is still dynamic and LAs remain under significant pressures but are continuing to strive to deliver against our minimum expectations



## Food Hygiene Rating Scheme (FHRS)

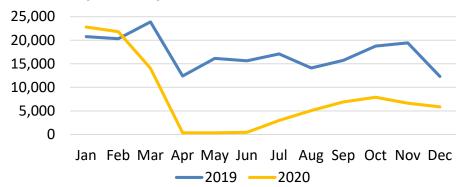


#### **COVID-19 Local Authority guidance**



From April 2020, inspections were deferred to minimise footfall in businesses and divert resources to urgent reactive work and COVID-19 related activities. Advice was updated in June to resume inspections, prioritising poorly compliant and higher risk businesses.

#### FHRS inspections per month between 2019 and 2020



% of rated food businesses achieving FHRS rating of '5 – very good' and 2 or lower in Q3 (England, Wales and Northern Ireland consolidated)







New businesses are risk assessed based on the information supplied at registration and are being prioritised for inspection according to the risk they pose. If there are concerns about a potential public health risk the business will be subject to high priority intervention. This prioritisation has helped protect the integrity of the FHRS during the pandemic.



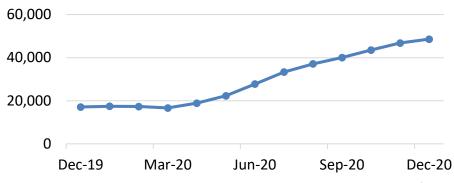
48.5<sub>K</sub> (**个21**% in Q3)

Businesses published as 'awaiting inspection' as at the end of Q3, an increase of 21% from Q2.



This increase reflects the reduction in on-site interventions during the pandemic as local authorities focus on high priority activities.

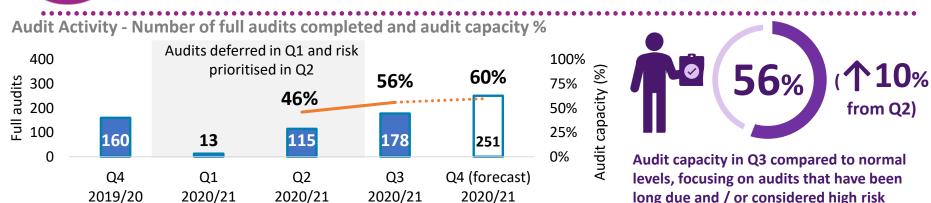
### Number of businesses published as 'awaiting inspection'



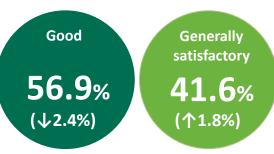


## Meat food business compliance (FBO audits)







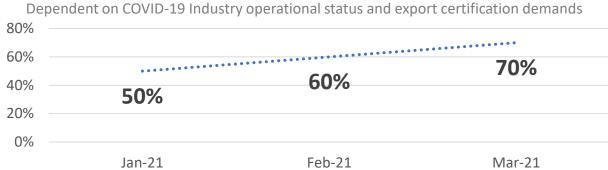


**Improvement** necessary (个0.7%)

**Urgent** improvement necessary

(人0.1%)

#### Forecast trend for Q4 20-21 capacity



#### **COVID-19** impact

In July 2020, following extensive consultation with Industry, the audit programme recommenced a risk-based, targeted return to audits. Any concerns / impacts have been mitigated by communication with FBOs, tailoring the approach to each circumstance. This included:



Full Audits ——Audit Capacity (%)

Using remote and semiremote auditing techniques



High-risk premises remain subject to on-site audits



## **External communications during COVID-19**

In Q3, our response to COVID-19 aligned with wider political and societal shifts. We pushed rapid shut-down and re-opening guidance to businesses regarding the 2<sup>nd</sup> National Lockdown and consumer messaging reinforced the importance of the continuation of handwashing on public safety

**Social Media** 



Instagram

#### **Facebook**

A post on rapid shut-down guidance at the start of the National Restrictions in England on 4 Nov was the top performing COVID-19 post on Facebook. This received:



3% ngagement rate



a reach o

4,000

(10.5% above the FSA's average engagement rate for November)



Many food businesses have had to adapt to doing takeaways during COVID-19.

Our top post provided guidance for businesses, who recently changed the way they operated, to ensure they were up to speed on the food safety risk.



#### LinkedIn

Our top performing COVID-19 post was a reopening business checklist following the end of the 2<sup>nd</sup> National Restrictions in England (20 Nov), this received:



6,500 Impressions



71 likes



4.3% ngagement rate

(**10.8**% above the FSA's average engagement rate for November)



## Twitter

When it comes to our own Q3 content, a handwashing post on Global Handwashing Day (15 Oct) received:



5,500 mpressions



Engagements, a **2.1**% engagement rate (**↑0.8**% above the FSA's Q3 average)

Our top performing COVID-19 post was a retweet of DHSC as a reminder to the public to remember to:



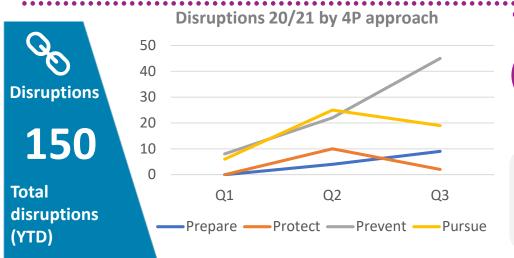




Wash hands Wear a face covering

## **National Food Crime Unit (NFCU)**





Disruptions in Q3 ( $\uparrow$ 14 from Q2), of which the FSA;







Supported 25

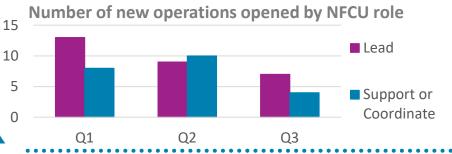
Coordinated 27

### Notable NFCU disruption example in Q3



Coordination of LA activity resulting in the seizure of approx. 20 tonnes of meat products, which we assessed was to be used to facilitate fraud

# Investigations 51 New operations (20/21 YTD)



operations open at Q3 end, of which the FSA are;

16

14

Leading

Supporting / coordinating

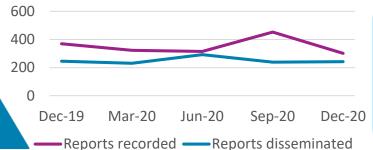




Intelligence recorded



Intelligence disseminated



Q3 reports recorded & disseminated

301

242

Recorded
Dec-20 ( \$\sqrt{151}\$ from Q2)

Disseminated (个3 from Q2)



## **National Food Crime Unit (NFCU)**



**Operational outcomes (disruptions):** The NFCU uses the established UK law enforcement '4P approach' to plan and deliver operational outcomes across its end-to-end counter-fraud capability. Operational outcomes across the 4P approach are described as 'disruptions' and can be achieved where the NFCU lead, or where it is supporting or coordinating the work of partners. Increases in disruptions recorded from Q1 to Q3 is driven by NFCU achieving full operating capability and increased awareness amongst staff of identifying and recording disruptions resulting from their work.



**Prepare** - ensure the necessary capabilities exist to tackle food crime



**Prevent** - stop individuals / businesses from committing food crime



**Protect** - reduce the vulnerability of businesses and consumers to food crime threats and risks



**Pursue** - prosecute offenders and confiscate the proceeds of food crime

**Investigations / operations:** While there are no individuals currently charged or within a criminal justice process arising from an NFCU-led investigation this quarter, this is primarily due to the timescales of investigating complex fraud offences and submitting the case file to the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS). There are multiple NFCU investigations ongoing which are expected to submit case files to the CPS in 2021.

Not all operations to deliver a 4P disruption have the same timescales as a criminal investigation and as such the duration of some operations may be shorter in comparison. For example, within 3 weeks the NFCU initiated and concluded the operational activity which resulted in the seizure of 20 tonnes of meat products which the NFCU assessed was to be used to facilitate a food crime. In the year to date, the NFCU has opened 51 new operations. At the end of Q3 there remained 30 open NFCU operations of which 16 the NFCU are the lead organisation.

**Intelligence:** Volumes of intelligence recorded and disseminated has remained stable throughout the year, having seen a year-on-year increase since 2015 as the NFCU has grown in size and developed relationships with partners across LAs, law enforcement and other government departments. Intelligence recorded is assessed against a standard set of law enforcement criteria as well as NFCU-specific thresholds and priorities. There are clear decision points in NFCU processes which provide consistency to intelligence-led activity which may include:



Disseminating intelligence to partners to inform their own decision making about any further action they deem necessary



Establishing an operation to expand the intelligence picture and support or coordinate the activity of partners, to enable the planning and delivery of a 4P disruption



Initiating an NFCU-led criminal or financial investigation to prosecute offenders or confiscate the proceeds of crime



# Affordability – How the FSA is performing against HM Treasury limits 2020/21



	20/21 Full Year Forecast £m	20/21 Limits £m	Under (A) / (Over) (R) Spend Availability £m		Under (G) / (Over) (R) spend
FSA total (RDEL & CDEL exc AME)	118.8	124.2	5.4 (A)	4%	• (G)
Westminster (including EU Exit)					
Net Admin Expenditure	48.0	49.7	1.7 (A)	4%	• (G)
Net Programme Expenditure	49.6	51.2	1.6 (A)	3%	• (G)
Capital (CDEL)	7.1	8.3	1.2 (A)	13%	• (G)
Wales	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	••••••	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••
RDEL & CDEL	3.4	3.7	0.3 (A)	8%	• (G)
Northern Ireland	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
RDEL & CDEL	10.7	11.3	0.6 (A)	<b>5%</b> Performance an	<b>(G)</b> d resources report – Q3 2020/21



# **Breakdown of corporate priorities**



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	2020/21 Full Year Forecast £m	2020/21 Budget £m	Under (A) / (Over) (R) Spend Availability £m
FSA total (RDEL & CDEL) (of which):	118.8	124.2	5.4 (A)
Risk Assessment and other Science	10.2	11.3	1.1 (A)
Risk Management and other Policy	6.4	6.9	0.5 (A)
LA Support & Delivery of official controls	6.3	6.5	0.2 (A)
National Food Crime Unit (NFCU)	4.0	4.8	0.8 (A)
Operations excl. NFCU & COVID-19	21.3	24.0	2.7 (A)
Doing the day job well	45.8	48.8	3.0 (A)
Capital	2.1	3.7	1.6 (A)
Key priorities (see next slide for breakdown):	22.7	18.2	(4.5) (R)



# Breakdown of key areas of spend



	2020/21 Full Year Forecast £m	2020/21 Budget £m	Under (A) / (Over) (R) Spend Availability £m
Key priorities (of which):	22.7	18.2	(4.5) (R)
COVID-19 (see next slide)	5.1	0.0	(5.1) (R)
EU Transition excl. NFCU	9.8	10.2	0.4 (A)
Achieving Business Compliance	1.9	1.9	0.0 (A)
Operational Transformation	1.3	1.3	0.0 (A)
Food Hypersensitivity	1.8	2.0	0.2 (A)
Surveillance (inc. Sampling)	2.8	2.8	0.0 (A)